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Differentseed dormancy breaking methods on germination of forest plants *Prspopisjuliflora* and *Acacia victoriae*

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Abstract

With respect to physical dormancy of the legume family seed from the seed shell impervious to water. The effect of different treatments on seed dormancy and stimulate germination of *Prosopis* and *Acacia* have been investigated. Treatments for seed dormancy were breaking concentrated sulfuric acid 95% for 15 min, diluted with 50% sulfuric acid for 15 min, 95 ° C for 15 min and combination of with hot water containing sulfuric acid addition, hot water 95 ° C for 15 min and cold treatments. Also, the distilled water was used as control. The experiment was conducted in a completely randomized design with four replications. The results of the analysis of variance showed a significant difference dormancy breaking between treatments in the germination. The highest germination of *Prosopis* species (*Prospopis juliflora*) and *Acacia (Acacia victoriae*) treatments wasobtained in 98% of concentrated sulfuric acid and hot water treatments, respectively. According to the results, sulfuric acid and hot water the best and easiest methods to stimulate the seed germination of prosopis and Acacia respectively.

Keywords: Prspopis Juliflora, Acacia victoriae, seed dormancy, germination, sulfuric acid and hot water.

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